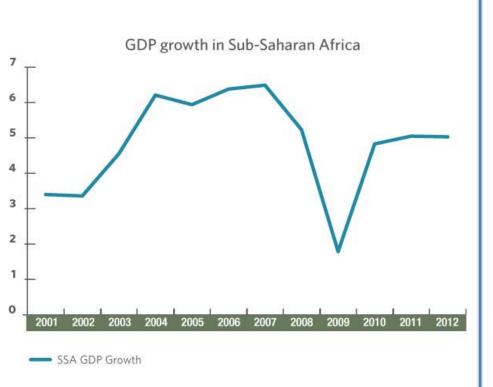
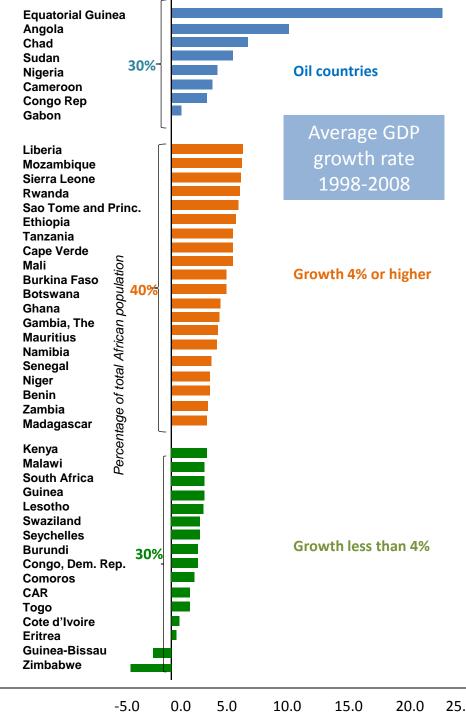
Africa's new era:

Balancing market and government failures

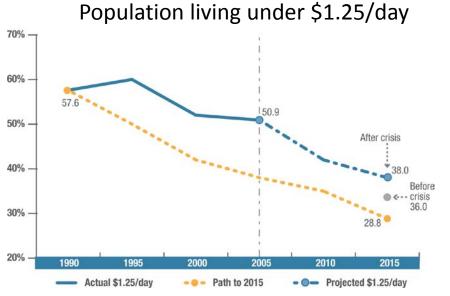


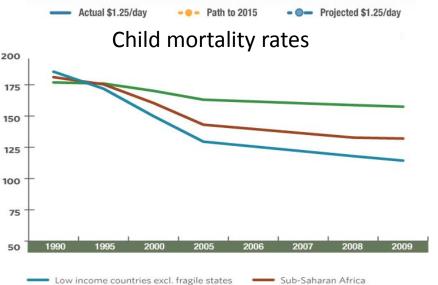
Growth performance



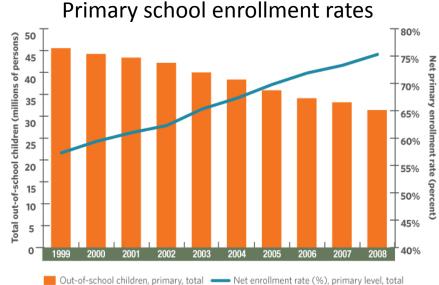


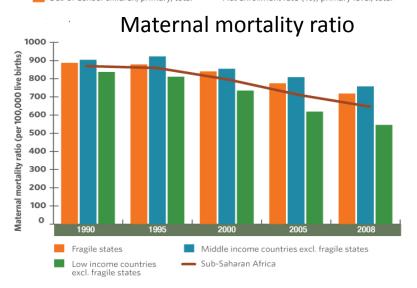
Progress in human development in Africa



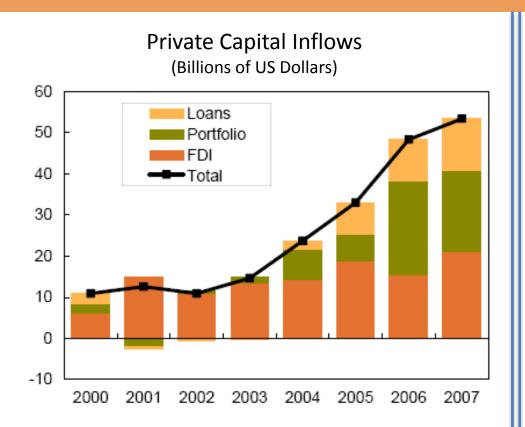


Fragile states



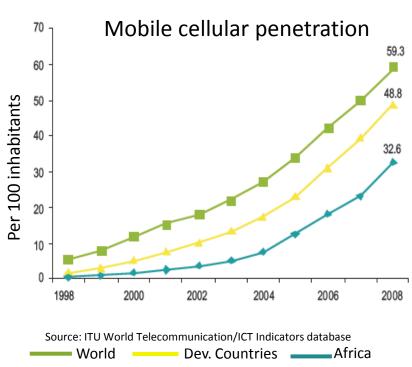


Dynamic and transformative private sector



Rwanda is top reformer of business regulations

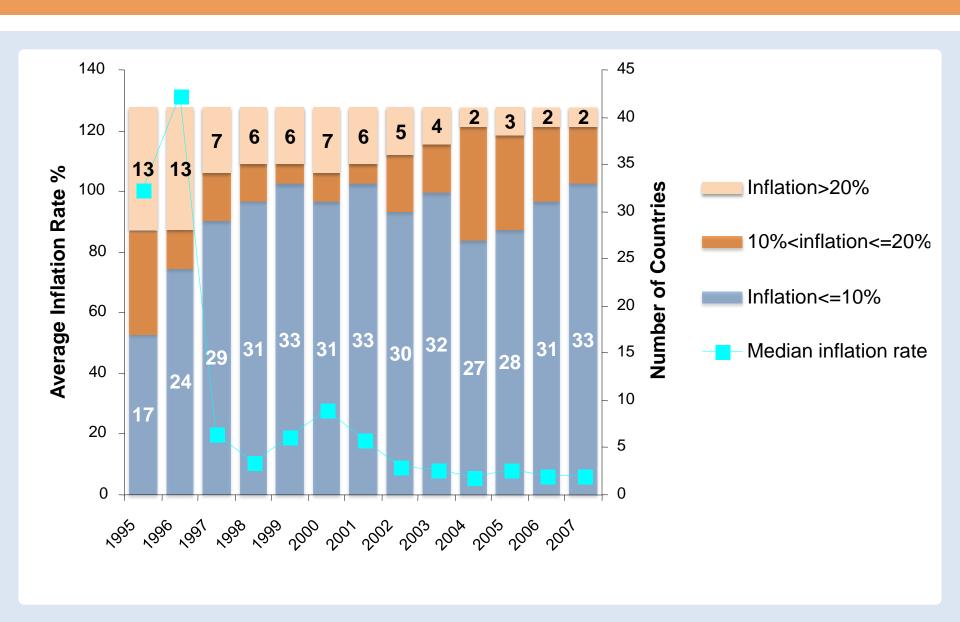
Source: Doing Business 2010



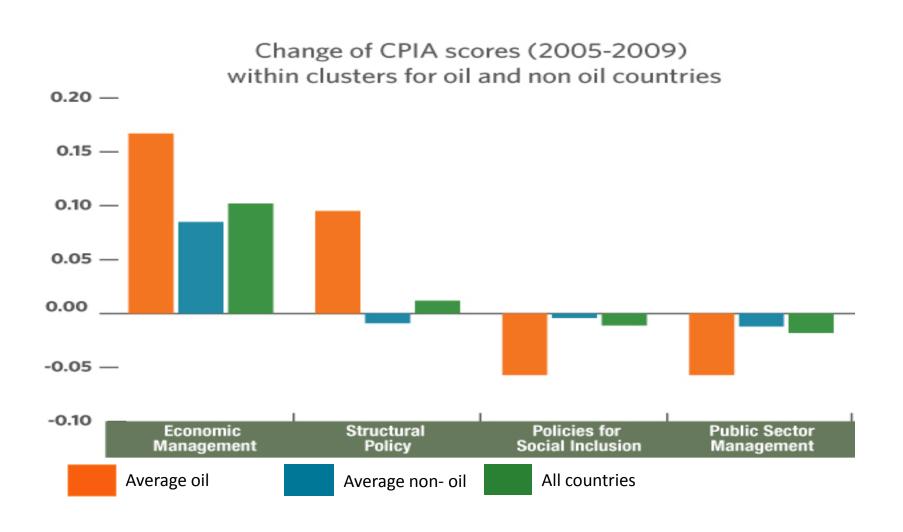
ICT Growth in Africa and the world, 2003-2008

CAGR (%)				
	Fixed Phone lines	Mobile cellular subscriptions	Internet users	
Africa	2.4	47.0	30.6	
World	2.5	23.0	17.0	

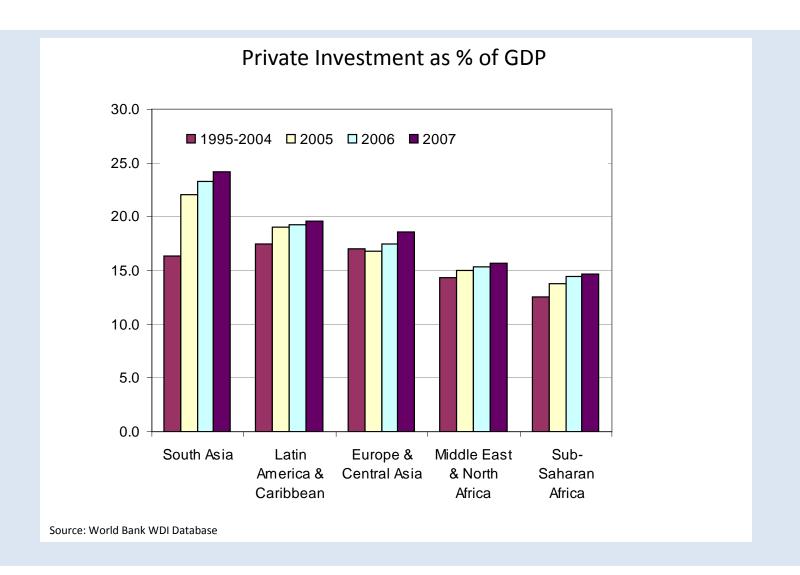
Macroeconomic policies have improved Inflation in Africa



Economic policy improvements



However, private investment in Sub-Saharan Africa is lagging



Infrastructure

Africa's Infrastructure Gap

Normalized units	Sub Saharan Africa- Low Income Countries	Other Low Income Countries
Paved Road Density	31	134
Total road density	137	211
Main line density	10	78
Mobile density	55	76
Internet density	2	3
Generation Density	37	326
Electricity Coverage	16	41
Improved water	60	72
Improved sanitation	34	51

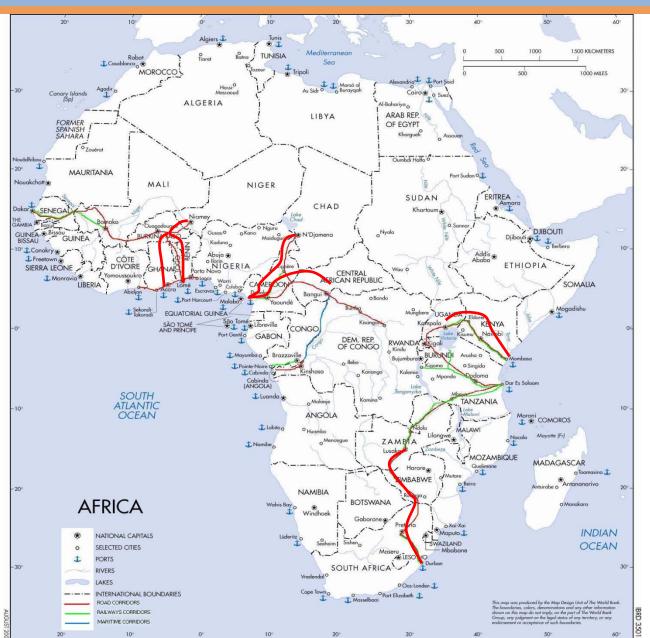


Government failures

Infrastructure

Transport in Africa

Selected corridors of the study



	Central Africa	East Africa	West Africa	Southern Africa	France
Variable costs (USD per veh- km)	1.31	0.98	1.67	1.54	0.72
Fixed costs (USD per veh-km)	0.57	0.35	0.62	0.34	0.87
Total transport costs (USD per veh-km)	1.88	1.33	2.29	1.88	1.59



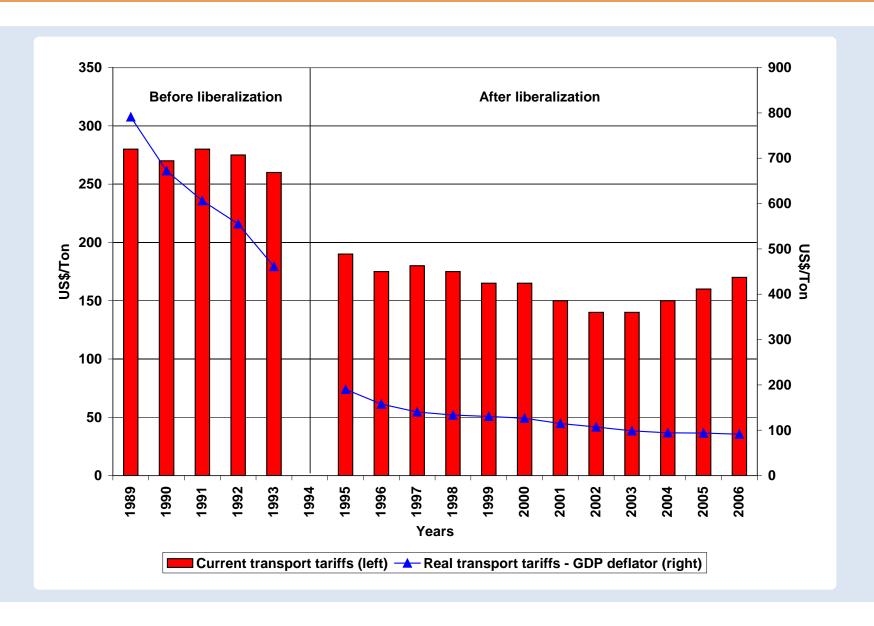
Profit margins

Corridor	Gateway - Destination	Price (USD/ veh-km)	Variable cost (USD/veh- km)	Fixed cost (USD/veh- km)	Average yearly mileage ('000)	Profit margin (%)
West	Tema/Accra - Ouagadougou	3.53	1.54	0.66	30-40	80%
Africa	Tema/Accra - Bamako	3.93	1.67	0.62	40-50	80%
	Douala - N'Djaména	3.19	1.31	0.57	60-70	73%
Central Africa	Douala - Bangui	3.78	1.21	1.08	50-60	83%
	Ngaoundéré - N'Djaména	5.37	1.83	0.73	20-30	118%
	Ngaoundéré - Moundou	9.71	2.49	1.55	10-20	163%
East	Mombasa - Kampala	2.22	0.98	0.35	130-140	86%
Africa	Mombasa - Nairobi	2.26	0.83	0.53	90-100	66%
Southern Africa	Lusaka - Johannesburg	2.32	1.54	0.34	160-170	18%
	Lusaka - Dar-es-Salaam	2.55	1.34	0.44	160-170	62%

An interesting observation:
On Central Africa corridor, trucks with lower average yearly mileage
have the higher profit margins

Example of the impact of market deregulation:

The case of Rwanda



Government failures

Infrastructure

Transport in Africa

Education

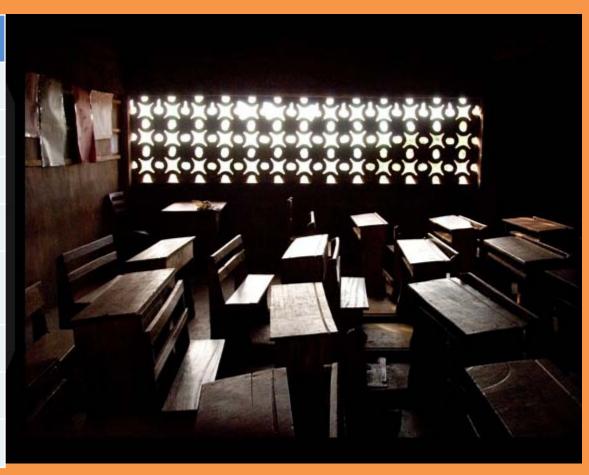
Percentage of 7th grade students in Tanzania who CANNOT

- Read in Kiswahili at 2nd grade level: 20%
- Do a 2nd grade multiplication problem: 30%
- Read English: 50%

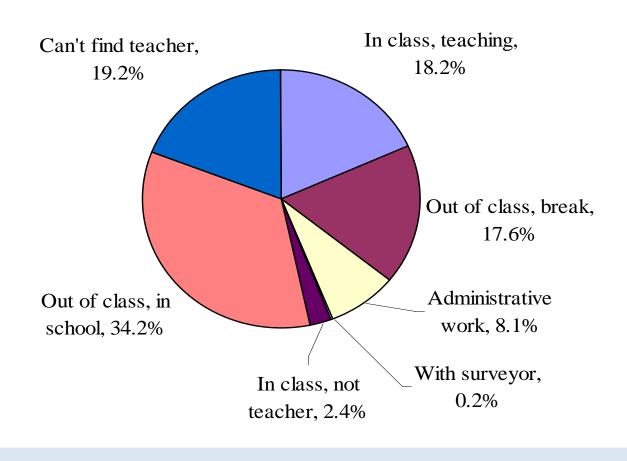


Absence rate among teachers

Country	Rate (percent)
Bangladesh	15
Ecuador	14
India	25
Indonesia	19
Papua New Guinea	15
Peru	11
Zambia	17
Uganda	27



Uganda: What enumerators found



Government failures

Infrastructure

Transport in Africa

Education Health

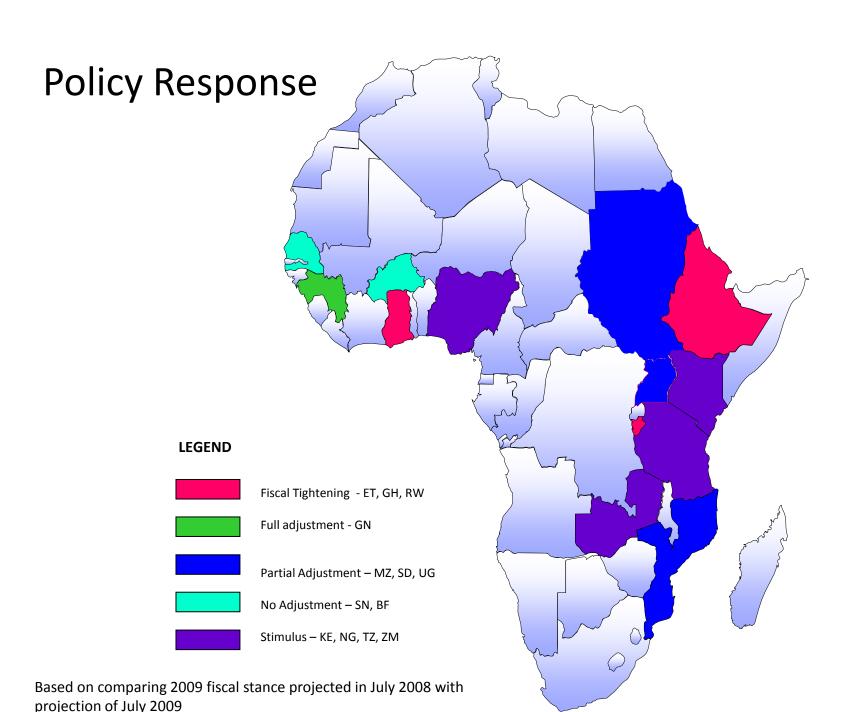
Leakage of resources in health

Country (year)	% of cash/in-kind resources leaked	Resource Category
Kenya (2004)	38	Non-salary budget
Tanzania (1991)	41	Non-salary budget
Uganda (2000)	70	Drugs and supplies
Ghana (2000)	80	Non-salary budget
Chad (2004)	99	Non-salary budget

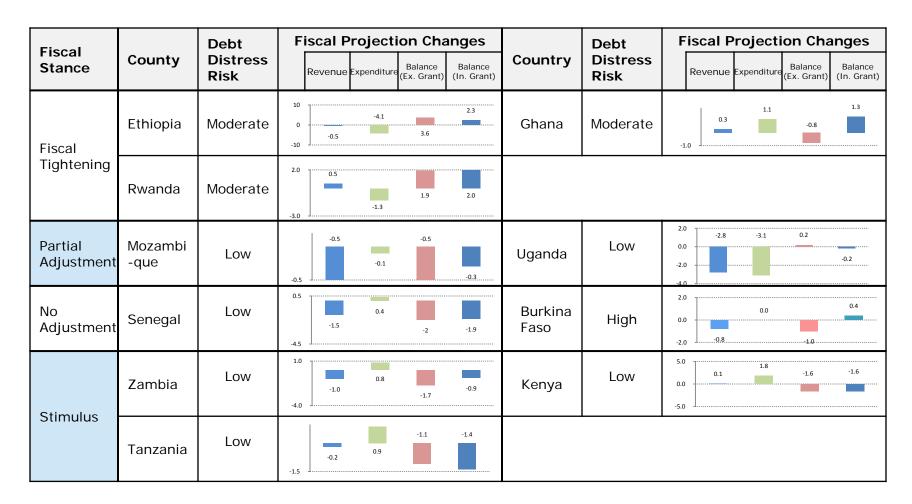
Source: Gauthier (2006)

What can be done?

Response to global economic crisis

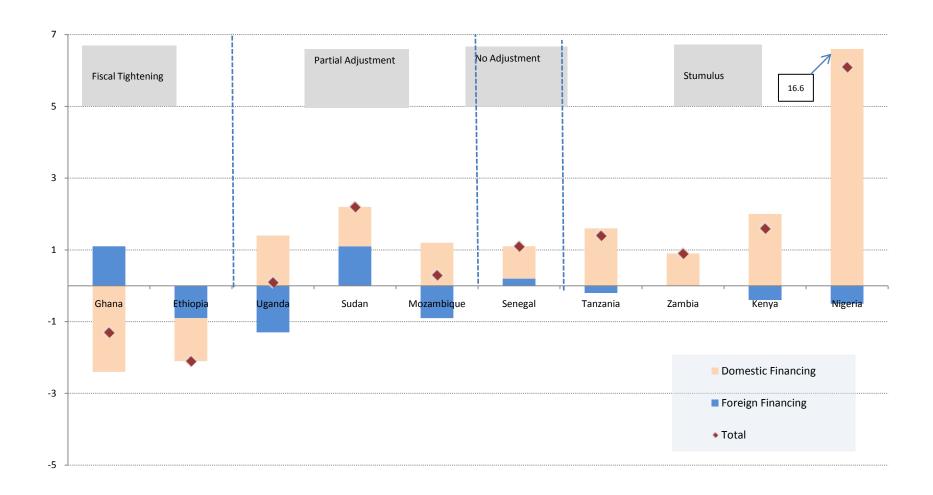


Revenue, Expenditure and Deficit (relative to earlier projections)



Source: Krumm, Dhar and Choi, "Fiscal Response to the Global Crisis in Low Income African Countries", August 2009

Domestic financing dominated



Source: Krumm, Dhar and Choi, "Fiscal Response to the Global Crisis in Low Income African Countries", August 2009

What can be done?

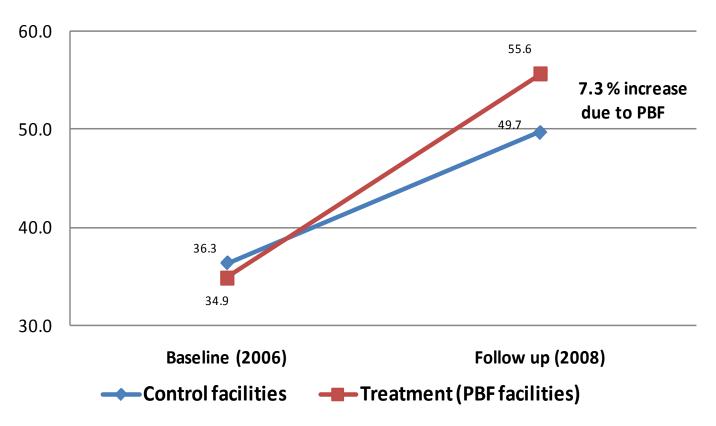
Incentives for service providers

Rwanda 2005-2008

Indicators	DHS-2005	DHS-2008
Contraception (modern)	10%	27%
Delivery in Health Centers	39%	52%
Infant Mortality rate	86 per 1000	62 per 1000
Under-Five Mortality rate	152 per 1000	103 per 1000
Anemia Prevalence : Children	56%	48%
Vaccination : All	75%	80.4%
Vaccination : Measles	86%	90%
Use of Insecticide treated nets among children less than 5	4%	67%
Fertility	6.1 children	5.5 children

Performance Based Financing leads to more assisted birth deliveries

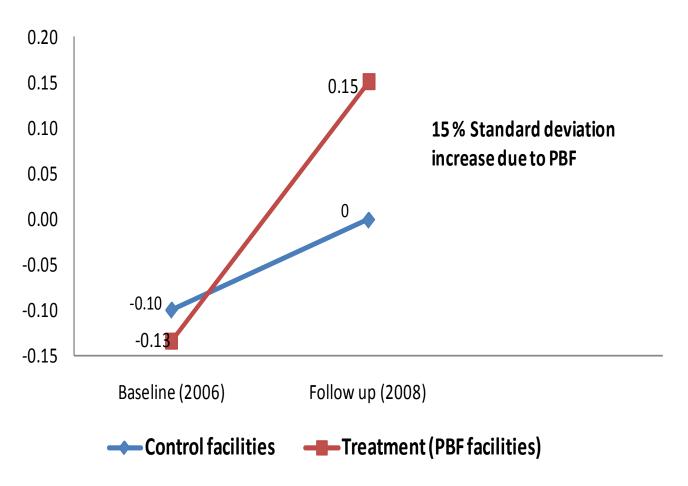




Source: Basinga Paulin, Paul Gertler, Claude Sekabaraga, Louis Rusa, Jennifer Sturdy, Christel Vermeersch, Agnes Binagwaho, Agnes Soucatt Impact Evaluation of Performance Based Financing in Rwanda. World Bank, 2009

Performance Based Financing Improves quality (2006-2008)





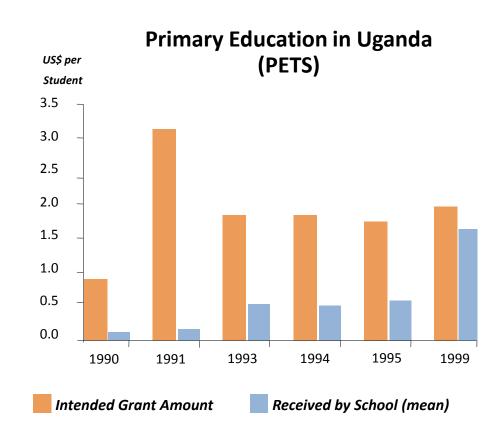
What can be done?

Incentives for service providers

Information

Grants for primary education in Uganda

In 1995, survey of 250 primary schools in 19 of 39 districts; Survey repeated in 1998 and 2000.

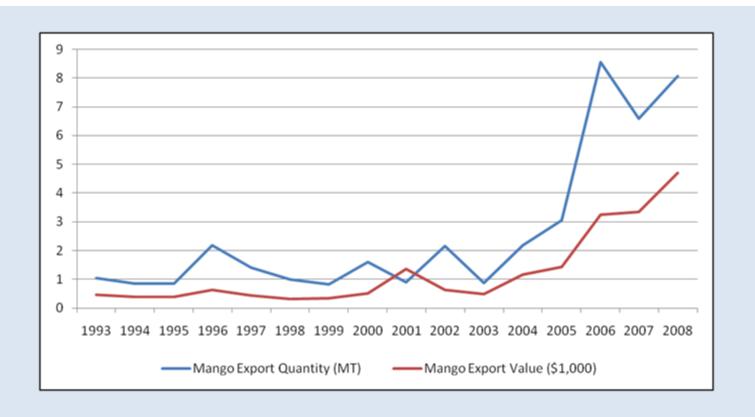


Yes, Africa Can

Gorilla tourism in Rwanda

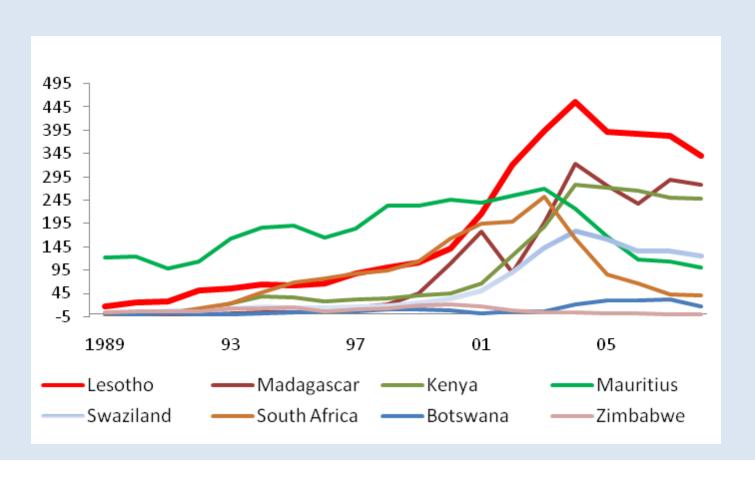


Mali's mango exports

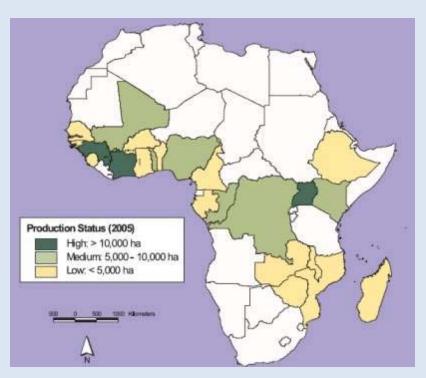


Lesotho's apparel industry

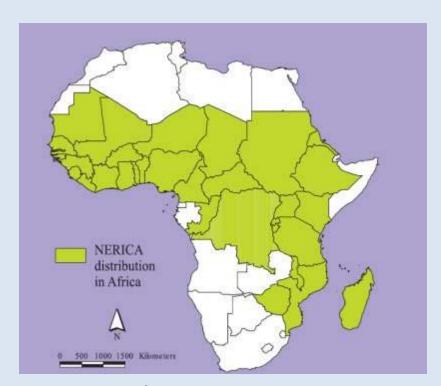
U.S. Imports of clothing and textiles from AGOA countries (\$ million)



The new rice for Africa (NERICA)



Countries producing NERICA, 2005



Countries producing NERICA, 2006